श्रम मंत्रालय के राज्य मंत्री (श्री पी० ए० संगमा): (क) और (ख) केवल दो कोयला कम्पनियों अर्थात् डब्लू०सी०एल० तथा ई०सी०एल० में दुर्घटना प्रवृत्त खानों का पता लगाया गया है। पता लगायी गयी खानों के नाम नीचे दिए गये हैं :—

डब्लू०सी०एल०	ई०सी०एल०
1. बूटगढ़	1. रानीपुर *
2. साऊथ गोविन्दपुर	2. दुर्गेश्वरी
3. भोगरा साऊथ	3. चिन्नाकुरी नं० 2
4. बलिहारी	4. खंजरा एम आई सी
5. केशलाडीह *	5. चक्कलबपुर
6. कुसौरि	6. राजमहल ओ सी पी
7. बंसदेवपुर	7. सी एस जामबाद
8. वेस्टैन्ड	8. बेहरीह
9. दामोदर ओ सी पी *	9. महाबीर *
10. तेकडीह दीप	10. गिरमिन्ट पिट
	11. कुमारखाल्ल ओ सी पी *
	12. रतिबती 11 और 12

* खाने बंद हो चुकी हैं।

(ग) जी नहीं अभिवोजन चला कर, उल्लंघनों की ओर ध्यान दिलाते हुए पत्र जारी करके कार्य अनुमतियों को वापस लेकर, सुधारात्मक नोटिस जारी करके तथा नियोजन के प्रतिषेध आदेशों को लागू कर उन कोयला कम्पनियों के बारे में जिन कोयला खानों में 1989—93 के दौरान घातक दुर्घटनाएं हुयी हैं अन्य कार्रवाईयां की गयी हैं।

Export of Computer Software to Japan

*396. MISS SAROJ KHAPARDE: Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Japan has opened up the venues for the export of Indian computer software; and

(b) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF COMMERCE (SHRI PRANAB MUKHERJEE): (a) and (b) Japan is the second biggest market for computer software after USA. However, Indian companies have been only moderately successful in entering the Japanese market because of certain constraints. The Electronics & Computer Software Export Promotion Council (ESC) initiated steps to explore the Japanese market in cooperation with Japan External Trade Organisation (JETRO) of Japan in April 1993. As a result of this focussed activity an interest has been created amongst Japanese organisations. Some of the Japanese organisations have also visited India to assess the capability of Indian software companies to serve the Japanese market which indicates increasing interest of Japan to source their requirements of computer software from India.

Norms for Foreign deputations in TDA and TFAI.

*397. SHRI BALBIR SINGH: Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state:

(a) what are the norms for short term foreign deputation for both ex-Trade Fair Authority of India (TFAI) and ex-Trade Development Authority (TDA) staff;

(b) how many officials have been sent on foreign deputation from ex-TFAI after the merger;

(c) how many officials have been sent on foreign deputation from EX-TDA after the merger; and

(d) whether there exists a disparity between the ex-TFAI and ex-TDA staff in terms of pay-scales, allowances, designations, promotions and short-term foreign deputations even after the merger of these organisations and if so, by when corrective steps are proposed to be taken in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF COMMERCE (SHRI PRANAB MUKHERJEE) :(a) The India Trade Promotion Organisation decides the number of officials for the exhibition teams deputed abroad for participation in general/specialised commodity fairs keeping in view the actual workload to be attended by the